

CORRECTION

Open Access



Correction to: After the Fort McMurray wildfire there are significant increases in mental health symptoms in grade 7–12 students compared to controls

Matthew R. G. Brown^{1,2}, Vincent Agyapong², Andrew J. Greenshaw², Ivor Cribben³, Pamela Brett-MacLean², Julie Drolet⁴, Caroline McDonald-Harker⁵, Joy Omeje², Monica Mankowski⁶, Shannon Noble⁷, Deborah Kitching⁶ and Peter H. Silverstone^{2*}

Correction to: *BMC Psychiatry* (2019) 19:18
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12888-018-2007-1>

The original article was corrected.

After publication of the original article [1], the authors reported an error in Table 2.

The Probable depression value on the 8th row of the table should have an asterisk as follows:

Probable depression 31% 17% 0.00001 *

This is to indicate that this *p*-value is statistically significant after multiple comparison correction.

Author details

¹Department of Computing Science, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Canada. ²Department of Psychiatry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB T6G 2B7, Canada. ³Alberta School of Business, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Canada. ⁴Faculty of Social Work, University of Calgary, Calgary, Canada. ⁵Department of Sociology and Anthropology, Mount Royal University, Calgary, Canada. ⁶Fort McMurray Catholic School District, Fort McMurray, Canada. ⁷Fort McMurray Public School District, Fort McMurray, Canada.

Received: 12 March 2019 Accepted: 12 March 2019

Published online: 26 March 2019

Reference

1. Brown, et al. After the Fort McMurray wildfire there are significant increases in mental health symptoms in grade 7–12 students compared to controls. *BMC psychiatry*. 2019;19:18. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12888-018-2007-1>.

* Correspondence: peter.silverstone@ualberta.ca

²Department of Psychiatry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB T6G 2B7, Canada

Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

